Summary of Defensible Space Requirements

State and Local Laws and Regulations

Source	Purpose/Summary
Public Resource Code (PRC)	Enacted to implement minimum fire safety standards and defensible
4290	space requirements around all residential, commercial, and industrial
	buildings in state responsibility areas and lands designated as very
(State Law)	high fire hazard severity zones.
	Enacted 1965 and Last Updated 2018
Public Resource Code (PRC)	Enacted to protect wildland and watershed areas from the risks of fire
4291	presented by development, PRC 4291 requires any person that owns,
	leases, controls, operates, or maintains a building or structure in
(State Law)	defined areas to maintain a minimum of 100 feet of defensible space
	at all times around the entire structure, but not beyond the property
	line.
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	Enacted 1965 and Last Updated 2021
California Code of Regulations	Enacted to establish minimum fire safety standards of CAL FIRE in
(CCR)	conjunction with building, construction, and development throughout
Title 14	the state. Amended to further define the roles and responsibilities for
(State Law)	enforcement and implementation of defensible space under PRC
(State Law)	4291.
	Enacted 2013 and Last Updated 2023
California Civil Code (CCC)	Any seller of real property located within a high or very high fire
Section 1102.19 - Real Estate	hazard severity zone shall provide documentation to the buyer stating
Disclosure	that the property is in compliance with PRC 4291 or local vegetation
	management ordinances, if adopted.
(State Law)	, ,
,	Enacted January 1, 2021 and Effective July 1, 2021
Ordinance 5101 – Vegetation	Adopted Ordinance 5101 to add Chapter 8.09 - Vegetation
Management and Defensible	Management and Defensible Space
Space	
	Adopted local and proactive defensible space requirements/ efforts
El Dorado County Ordinance	and civil rather than criminal enforcement consistent with existing
	State law (PRC 4291 and 14 CCR).
	Established "Good Neighbor" and "Neighborhood Protection Policy"
	requiring improved or unimproved parcels to provide defensible
	space within 100 feet of neighboring structures.
	Adopted April 30, 2019 and Effective May 31, 2019

Ordinance 5101, Amendment	Adopted an amendment to Ordinance 5101 and Chapter 8.09	
to Vegetation Management	primarily to clarify definitions of County Emphasis Areas and Wildfire	
and Defensible Space	Risk Areas, and to clarify the roles and responsibilities for centralized	
	enforcement.	
El Dorado County Ordinance		
	Adopted February 25, 2020 and Effective March 26, 2020	
Proposed Ordinance 5186,	Renames County Ordinance from "Vegetation Management and	
Amendment to Ordinance	Defensible Space" to "Hazardous Vegetation Management and	
5101, Vegetation	Defensible Space"	
Management and Defensible		
Space	Amends timelines for real estate transaction re-inspections and	
	restructures potential enforcement proceedings to mirror Code	
El Dorado County Ordinance	Enforcement.	
	Status – pending adoption	

Summary of Key Changes Under Ordinance 5186

Section: 8.09.070 (C)	Title: Duty to Remove and Abate Hazardous Vegetation and Combustible Material		
Summary: Updated requirements	Summary: Updated requirements for defensible space inspections during Real Estate Transactions to		
be consistent with Stale law.			
Existing State Law	Current Ordinance 5101 Proposed Ordinance 5186		
CCC 1102.19 Any seller of real property that is located within a high or very high fire hazard severity zone shall provide documentation that the property is compliant with PRC Defensible Space Laws or local vegetation management ordinances. The buyer has one (1) year to obtain documentation of compliance.	Chapter 8.09.070 (E) Prior to the close of any Real Estate Transaction, State and County requirements to maintain Defensible Space shall be disclosed to all potential property owners.	Prior to the close of any Real Estate Transaction subject to Civil Code section 1102.19 within the County, the seller of any real property shall obtain a defensible space inspection report documenting compliance with defensible space requirements, perform the necessary work to become compliant, or include in the transaction that the buyer shall agree to achieve compliance	
		within 180 days of the close of escrow.	

Section: 8.09.070 (D)(6)	Title: Duty to Remove and Abate Hazardous Vegetation and		
	Combustible Material		
Summary: Updated to define clear	Summary: Updated to define clearance distances required for designated Roads and Driveways.		
Existing State Law	Current Ordinance 5101	Proposed Ordinance 5186	
N/A	Section 8.09.070 (F)(12) Improved and unimproved parcels adjacent to all roadways and determined by the County to be necessary for the safe passage to and from the area must be treated or abated.	Updated to require that clearance along all driveways be maintained at all times and clearance along all designated roads be maintained within a reasonable time to be necessary for safe ingress/egress and emergency vehicle passage, and comply with the following: • Ladder fuels cleared to 10 feet beyond the road or driveway. • All vegetation cleared to a height of 15 feet to allow for the passage of emergency vehicles.	

Section: 8.09.070 (E)	Title: Duty to Remove and Abate Hazardous Vegetation	
	and Combustible Material	

Summary: Updated to define and establish defensible space requirements for critical infrastructure sites and County owned properties.

Existing State Law	Current Ordinance 5101	Proposed Ordinance 5186
N/A Note: State and Federal owned	N/A	The following sites are now required to comply with defensible space requirements:
properties are exempt from the requirements under PRC 4291.		 Essential Service & At-Risk Population Structures. LPG Tanks greater than 2000 gallons. Lumber yards, Agrolndustrial, Solid Waste, and Woodworking Facilities. Free standing photovoltaic systems and equipment. Telecommunication facilities. Public and private water distribution system storage tanks and pumping facilities. All County and Fire Agency owned structures.

Section: 8.09.086	Title: Confidentiality in Connection with Citizen Complaints		
Summary: Added to protect the i	Summary: Added to protect the identify of persons filing complaints for violations.		
Existing State Law	Current Ordinance 5101	Proposed Ordinance 5186	
N/A	N/A	The County shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that the identity of a person making a complaint concerning a violation of the Code or other applicable laws shall remain confidential. It shall be a misdemeanor to knowingly file a false complaint.	

Section: 8.09.100	Title: Enforcement		
Summary: Updated to clarify the meet and confer process as an alternative to enforcement			
procedures.			
Existing State Law	Current Ordinance 5101	Proposed Ordinance 5186	
N/A	Section 08.09.100	As an alternative to	
	The County retains the	enforcement procedures, the	
	discretion to initiate a meet and	County may initiate a meet and	
	confer process with property	confer process with property	
	owners in violation of the	owners in violation to attempt	
	Ordinance in an attempt to	to move towards compliance.	
	move towards a compliance.		

Section: 8.09.110 - 8.09.180	Title: Enforcement Procedure		
Summary: Updated and added enforcement sections and notice requirements to be consistent with			
current County Code Enforcemen	current County Code Enforcement procedures under Chapter 9.02 – Code Enforcement.		
Existing State Law	Current Ordinance 5101	Proposed Ordinance 5186	
N/A	Section 08.09.100 Violations of this Ordinance may be enforced using the procedures and timelines set forth in Section 08.09.110. • Initial Notice of Duty to Remove and Abate Waste, Hazardous Vegetation and Combustible Material (Notification only). • Hazard Abatement Notice (Sent if meet and confer process does not occur or does not result in abatement).	Sections mainly updated to mirror Code Enforcement procedures, noticing, and timelines under Chapter 9.02, which were updated in July 2023. Additionally, consistent with Section 8.09.100, violations of Ordinance 5186 may be enforced: however, as an alternative to such enforcement procedures, the County retains the discretion to commence a meet and confer process with property owners in violation to determine to a mutually acceptable method for abatement.	