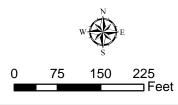
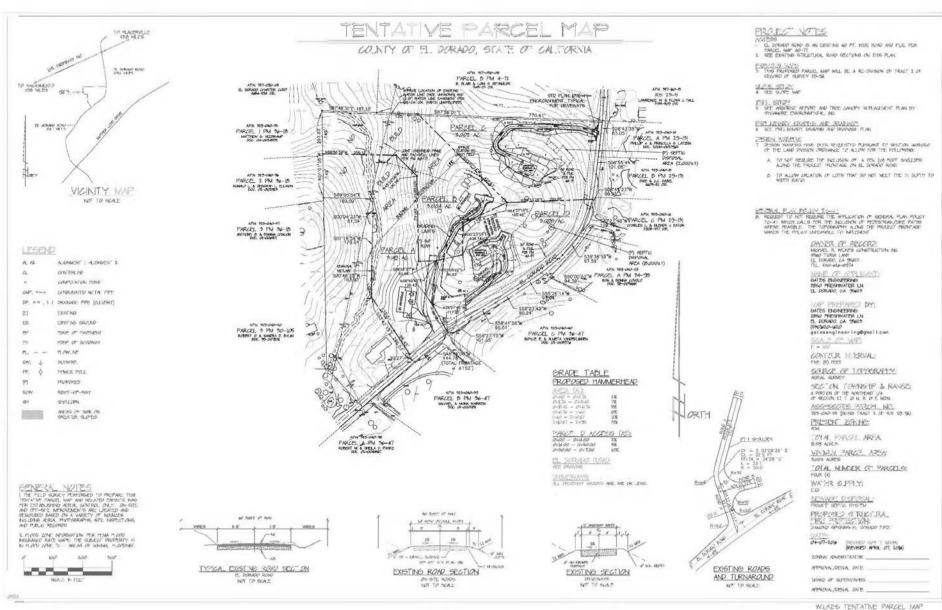






File No. P16-0005 Aerial Map Exhibit E







COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DIVISION

http://www.edcgov.us/DevServices/

PLACERVILLE OFFICE:

planning@edcgov.us

2850 Fairlane Court, Placerville, CA 95667 <u>BUILDING</u> (530) 621-5315 / (530) 622-1708 Fax <u>bldgdept@edcgov.us</u> <u>PLANNING</u> (530) 621-5355 / (530) 642-0508 Fax LAKE TAHOE OFFICE: 3368 Lake Tahoe Bivd., Suite 302 South Lake Tahoe, CA 96160 (530) 573-3330 (530) 542-9082 Fax

tahoebuild@edcgov.us

March 17, 2015

Garry Gates
Gates Engineering
2850 Freshwater Lane
El Dorado, CA 95623

RE: Determination of Substantial Conformance to Approved Tentative Parcel Map Wilkes Tentative Parcel Map/P07-0027

Dear Garry:

Planning Services staff has reviewed the revised Wilkes Tentative Parcel Map (Exhibit A) for determination of substantial conformance with the approved original (Exhibits B). The revised map consists of the minor reconfiguration of the lots. The lot count remains unchanged, the range of allowable parcel sizes is not exceeded, and the access to the proposed lots remains unchanged. Therefore, no changes to the project description are required to accommodate the requested revision.

The revised tentative parcel map is deemed substantially conforming to the approved tentative parcel map and is hereby approved, subject to the existing Findings and Conditions of Approval.

If you have any questions please contact Rob Peters at (530) 621-6644 or by email at Rober.Peters@edcgov.us.

Sincerely,

ROGER P. TROUT

Development Services Director

Robert Peters, Associate Planner

Exhibits: A. Revised Wilkes Tentative Parcel Map

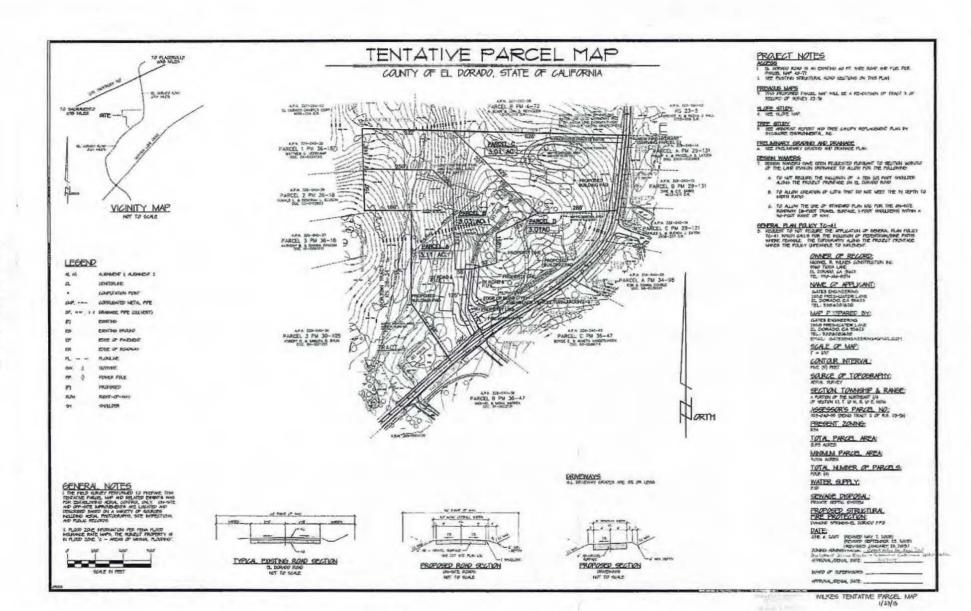
B. Approved Wilkes Tentative Parcel Map

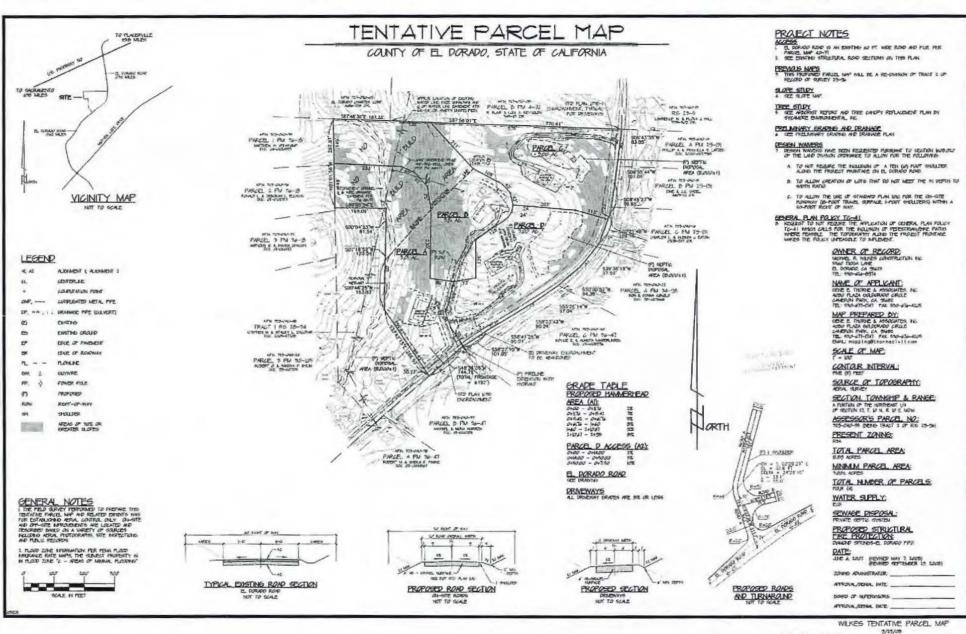
Attachment: 1. P07-0027 Substantial Conformance Review - Comments Received

Cc. Dave Spiegelberg, Transportation Division

Rich Briner, County Surveyor

Richard Krek, Diamond Springs – El Dorado Fire Protection District Adam Baughman, El Dorado County Air Quality Management District







Robert Peters <robert.peters@edcgov.us>

P07-027 Wilkes TPM Substantial Conformance Review

1 message

Philip Mosbacher <philip.mosbacher@edcgov.us>

Wed, Feb 18, 2015 at 8:27 AM

To: Robert Peters < robert.peters@edcgov.us>

Cc: Philip Mosbacher <philip.mosbacher@edcgov.us>

Rob,

I have reviewed the revised tentative map for the subject project and have no revisions to the comments below that came from our office previously.

We have looked over the application and have the following comments.

- 1) All survey monuments must be set prior to filing the Parcel Map.
- 2) The roads serving the development shall be named by filing a completed Road Name Petition with the County Surveyors Office prior to filing the Parcel Map.
- 3) Prior to filing the Parcel Map, a letter will be required from all agencies that have placed conditions on the map. The letter will state that "all conditions placed on the map by (that agency) have been satisfied." The letter is to be sent to the County Surveyor and copied to the Consultant and the Applicant.

Please call me if you have any questions or need additional information.

Philip R. Mosbacher CA P.L.S. 7189, NV P.L.S. 13163 Deputy County Surveyor El Dorado County Surveyor's Office (530) 621-5320

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Any retransmission, dissemination or other use of the information by persons other than the intended recipient or entity is prohibited.

If you receive this e-mail in error please contact the sender by return e-mail and delete the material from your system.

Thank you.

Attachment 1



Diamond Springs / El Dorado Fire Protection District Fire Prevention Division 501 Main Street Diamond Springs, CA 95619 ~ (530) 626-3190 Fax (530) 626-3188 www.diamondfire.org

February 18, 2015

Rob Peters, Assistant Planner 2850 Fairlane Court Placerville CA 95667

Re: Parcel Split for 4220 El Dorado - Permit Application #P07-0027 APN: 329-040-55

The Diamond Springs - El Dorado Fire Protection District has reviewed your parcel split utilizing the most recent information you have provided. Our response utilizes codes and standards referenced from the California Code of Regulations Title 24 Part 9 California Fire Code (CFC) – and as amended by the Diamond Springs – El Dorado FPD.

1.1.3 Scope: "The provisions of this code shall apply to the construction, alteration, movement, enlargement, replacement, repair, equipment, use and occupancy, location, maintenance, removal and demolition of every building or structure or any appurtenances connected or attached to such building structures throughout California",

Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District has a fee structure for all reviews.

The fire flow required for this parcel split is set forth in the California Fire Code Appendix "B"

The required fire flow for >3600 square foot residential structure including garage, with an approved NFPA 13 D sprinkler system is 1000 gallons per-minute, for 2 hours, at 20 p.s.i.

The required fire flow for <3600 square foot residential structure including garage, with an approved NFPA 13 D sprinkler system is 1500 gallons per-minute, for 2 hours, at 20 p.s.i.

Fire Hydrant shall meet the California Fire Code Appendix "C"

A Fire Hydrant shall be located within 600' feet from any new structure. If there is not a fire hydrant within 600' a new one shall be installed

Driveway shall be 12 feet in width per Title 14 of Public Resource Code and as amended by El Dorado County:

1273.10. Driveways

All driveways shall provide a minimum 12 foot traffic lane and unobstructed vertical clearance of 15 feet along its entire length,

- (a) Driveways excelling 150 feet in length, but less than 80 Let in length, shall provide a turnout near the midpoint of the driveway. Where the driveway exceeds 800 feet, turnouts shall be provided no more than 400 feet apart.
- (b) A turnaround shall be provided to all building sites on driveways over 300 feet in length, and shall be within 50 feet of the building.

Community Facilities District

Approval of subject project is conditioned on meeting the public safety and fire protection requirements of the County of El Dorado General Plan, which shall include provision of a financing mechanism for said services¹. The financing mechanism shall include inclusion within, or annexation into, a Community Facilities District (CFD) established under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 (Government Code § 53311 et seq.), established by the Diamond Springs / El Dorado Fire Protection District (District) for the provision of public services permitted under Government Code § 53313, including fire suppression services, emergency medical services, fire prevention activities and other services (collectively Public Services), for which proceedings are under consideration, and as such, shall be subject to the special tax approved with the formation of such CFD with the Tract's inclusion or annexation into the CFD.

If you should have additional questions regarding this project, please don't hesitate to contact myself or Chief Combs.

Sincerely,

Fire Prevention Inspector rkrek@diamondfire.org

Richard Kreh

¹ County of El Dorado General Plan sections Policy 5.1.2 and Policy 6.2.3.

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Design Waiver Requests and Findings

Wilkes Parcel Map

Revised May 7, 2008

Introduction - Wilkes Parcel Map

Michael Wilkes of Placerville owns the project property. The property consists of 12+ acres located on the west side of El Dorado Road, Placerville (APN 329-040-55). The site is approximately 0.5 miles south of the Highway 50 and El Dorado Road intersection. (See Vicinity Map, Exhibit 1, page 11)

The property is zoned residential 3-acre (R3A) with a General Plan Medium Density Residential land use designation. An existing residence is located on the parcel (proposed parcel B). The project area is served by E.I.D. water and utilizes private septic systems for waste disposal. The Diamond Springs-El Dorado Fire Protection District provides fire protection.

The project consists of creating 4 parcels of at least 3-acres each from the existing 12+-acre parcel.

Contents		Pages
Requests	3 - 10	
Exhibits		
1	Vicinity Map	11
2	Aerial Photo	12
3	Site Photograph – Existing Road Cut Slopes and Oaks	13
4	Site Photograph – Utility Structure and Oaks	14

I. Requested Design Waivers

Gene E. Thorne & Associates, Inc., at the direction of the property owner, is requesting design waivers for the following design conditions:

- 1. Request to *not* require the application of the General Plan Traffic and Circulation Element Policy TC-4i which seeks the inclusion of pedestrian/bike paths, where feasible, in Community Regions connecting to adjacent development and to schools, parks, commercial areas and other facilities.
- 2. Request to *not* require the inclusion of an additional 8-10' of roadway shoulder along the subject property frontage on El Dorado Road.
- 3. Requests to allow the creation of parcels that do not meet a strict 3:1 lot depth to lot width ratio.
- 4. Request to allow a 50-foot right of way for the proposed roadway serving Parcels A, B and D.
- 5. Request to *allow* the use of Standard Plan 101C for the on-site roadway with a travel surface of 18-feet and 1-foot shoulders on each side.

II. Requirements for Granting Design Waivers

Per the El Dorado County Land Division Ordinance, Chapter 16.40, Section 16.40.010 the following conditions must exist in order for a design waiver to be granted:

- A. Special conditions or circumstances peculiar to the property proposed to be divided which would justify the adjustment or waiver,
- B. Strict application of the design or improvement requirements will cause extraordinary and unnecessary hardship in developing the property,
- C. The adjustment or waiver will not be injurious to adjacent properties nor detrimental to the public health, safety, convenience and welfare,
- D. The adjustment or waiver will not have the effect of nullifying the objectives of any law or ordinance applicable to the division.

III. Justification for Granting Requested Design Waivers

Design Waiver Requests

Since the sidewalks discussed in request 1 would require the 10-foot shoulder discussed in request 2, requests 1 and 2 are dealt with as one issue.

- 1. Request to *not* require the application of the General Plan Traffic and Circulation Element Policy TC-4i which demands the inclusion of pedestrian/bike paths, where feasible, in Community Regions connecting to adjacent development and to schools, parks, commercial areas and other facilities.
- 2. Request to *not* require the inclusion of an additional 8-10' of roadway shoulder along the subject property frontage on El Dorado Road.

The policy related to sidewalks cited by County staff as applicable to this project is **Policy TC-4i**, which states, "Within Community Regions and Rural Centers, all development shall include pedestrian/bike paths connecting to adjacent development and to schools, parks, commercial areas and other facilities where feasible. In Rural Regions, pedestrian/bike paths shall be considered as appropriate." (Emphasis added)

Required Findings

A. Special conditions peculiar to the property justify the requested waivers.

The existing 12 plus acre property is to be divided into 4 parcels of at least 3 acres each. There is a significant cut slope along the property frontage at El Dorado Road (see attached site photographs). This bank ranges from just a few feet in height to well over 10 feet in height. The bank has a slope that is steeper than a 2:1 horizontal to vertical ratio. To cut back this slope for a sidewalk and additional 8-10' of shoulder would require extensive grading into the slope and the removal of a significant number of oak trees.

In addition, Policy TC-1w in the adopted General Plan supports maintaining the existing rural character of a roadway as follows: "New streets and improvements to existing rural roads necessitated by new development shall be designed to minimize visual impacts, preserve rural character, and ensure neighborhood quality to the maximum extent possible consistent with the needs of emergency access, on-street parking, and vehicular and pedestrian safety". Note that the project area is rural in nature with properties in the area ranging from one or more acres. The project area has a General Plan Land Use Designation of MDR (Medium Density Residential) which acknowledges and accepts a reduced level of infrastructure in MDR designated areas. To quote the MDR description, "This designation shall be applied where the character of an area is single-family residences; where the absence or reduced level of infrastructure including roads. water lines, and sewer lines does not justify higher densities; where the topography poses a constraint to higher densities; and as a transitional land use between the more highly developed and the more rural areas of the County. Infrastructure would include not only roads and public utilities (water, sewer) but also sidewalks, curbs, streetlights and signals. Requiring sidewalks will erode the rural nature of the project area while sidewalks and additional shoulder will ignore the "where feasible" provision of Policy TC-4I as well as the perspective of the MDR land use designation.

B. Strict application of the design or improvement requirements will cause extraordinary and unnecessary hardship in developing this property.

The existing parent parcel's frontage along El Dorado Road is approximately 1,113 feet in length. General Plan Policy TC-1a includes Table TC-1 that specifies in Note # 3 that "The County may deviate from the adopted standards in circumstances where conditions warrant special treatment of the road. Typical circumstances where exceptions may be warranted include:

- a) Extraordinary construction costs due to terrain, roadside development, or unusual right-of way needs; or
- b) Environmental constraints that may otherwise entirely preclude road improvements to the adopted standards, as long as environmental impacts are mitigated to the extent feasible

To require sidewalks and an additional 8-10' of shoulder would not only remove a significant number of oaks trees, it would necessitate extraordinary construction costs. Thousands of yards of earth would have to be excavated and relocated. A utility structure (see photo) located at the top of the bank at about midpoint of the property would have to be relocated. Along with these expenses the sidewalk would have to be constructed. These extreme costs would be imposed to provide improvements that do not exist along any residential frontage on the entire length of El Dorado Road from Green Valley Road on the North to Pleasant Valley Road at the South. A mandate to construct sidewalks along the Wilkes property is neither feasible nor reasonable.

C. The requested waivers will not be detrimental to adjacent properties nor detrimental to the public health, safety, convenience or welfare.

Sidewalks and an additional 8-10' of shoulder along this property will not stimulate pedestrian traffic in this area to the types of destinations anticipated in General Plan Policy TC-4i. Sidewalks to such destinations as businesses, schools, parks and adjacent development are essentially non-existent in the area, as are the listed destinations.

Commercial zoning between the subject property and Highway 50 is over 700 feet away on the West Side of El Dorado Road. Commercial zoning is over 700 feet away on the East side of El Dorado Road between the subject property and Highway 50.

Sidewalks are over 800 feet away on the West side of El Dorado Road toward Highway 50. The first sidewalk encountered is the 400' ± of sidewalk in front of El Dorado Savings. Next, there is a sidewalk over the West side of the Highway 50 overpass. The next business is a vehicle storage/mini storage (without sidewalks) immediately north of the freeway. Beyond that, there are no sidewalks except on the four corners of the newly remodeled intersection (traffic lights) at El Dorado Road and Missouri Flat Road.

There are no sidewalks present at all on the East side of El Dorado Road between the property and Missouri Flat Road. There are no sidewalks present south of the property to the end of El Dorado Road at Pleasant Valley Road. The businesses on the East side of El Dorado Road to the North consist of a dentist office, a furniture store and a chiropractic office. These are not pedestrian based businesses.

Parks in the greater area include Bennett Park to the northeast at El Dorado High School in Placerville (4.4 ± miles by car utilizing Highway 50) and City Park to the east in Placerville (4.4 ± miles by car utilizing Highway 50). Sidewalks are not relevant to reaching these destinations from the subject property area due to even greater distances involved in walking around Highway 50. Walking to Bradford Park to the southwest in Shingle Springs would involve walking 4.9 ± miles along both El Dorado Road and Mother Lode Drive with no sidewalks anywhere between the subject property and Bradford Park.

The subject property is in the Mother Lode Union School District. The nearest schools in the Mother Lode Union School District are Indian Creek School to the north $(3.4 \pm \text{ miles})$, Charles Brown School to the southeast $(3.9 \pm \text{ miles})$ and Herbert Green School to the east $(2.2 \pm \text{ miles})$. Busing is available to all of these schools. Sidewalks are not relevant with regard to walking to schools in this school district from anywhere in the project area.

No adjacent development has sidewalks and/or 8-10' shoulders. Sidewalks are not likely to be a significant feature of the area for many, many years. A sidewalk installed at this property would be isolated. Isolated sidewalks do not go anywhere. Isolated sidewalks encourage people onto the sidewalk but end up leading them to road frontage without sidewalks where continuing on is potentially very dangerous. Not requiring sidewalks on this project will <u>not</u> be detrimental to adjacent properties <u>nor</u> to public health, safety, convenience or welfare. Sidewalks are not a part of the lifestyle typical of rural areas.

D. The adjustments or waivers will not have the effect of nullifying the objectives of any law or ordinance applicable to the division.

The laws and ordinances applicable to this land division consist primarily of the Subdivision Map Act, the El Dorado County Subdivision Ordinance (Article II, Minor Land Divisions), the Zoning Ordinance (County Code, Title 17), the El Dorado County Design Manual and the General Plan. The key considerations from these laws and ordinances have been discussed.

To not allow the requested design waivers ignores the special circumstances that exist with this property. To reject the requested design waivers places extraordinary and unnecessary hardship on development of the subject property. However, to approve the requested design waivers is to be fair and reasonable, to be in harmony with "the spirit of the law".

Waiving the requirement for sidewalks along the property frontage of El Dorado Road will not have the effect of nullifying the objectives of any law or ordinance applicable to the project.

Design Waiver Request

3. Request to *allow* the creation of parcels that do not meet a strict 3:1 lot depth to lot width ratio.

Required Findings

A. Special conditions or circumstances peculiar to the property proposed to be divided which would justify the adjustment or waiver.

Lot width in R3A (residential 3-acre) zoned districts is 150 feet per the zoning ordinance. Per the Design Manual, lot width is to be determined at the road right-of-way line (road frontage), with the

minimum lot width allowed at the right-of-way line being the lot width prescribed by the applicable zoning, or 150 feet. The proposed four parcels all comply with the frontage provision, all have a minimum of 150-feet width at the right-of-way line. The width at the right-of-way line of Parcel A is $152^{\circ} \pm$, Parcel B is $181^{\circ} \pm$, Parcel C is $305^{\circ} \pm$ and Parcel D is $665^{\circ} \pm$. All proposed parcels have a typical width that is 150-feet or more.

The Design Manual also requires that lot depth be no more than three times the average width (3:1). Although no standard method is provided in the Design Manual or zoning ordinance for determining average lot width, planning department advise has been to use as reasonable approach as possible. For this project, County staff is questioning whether the proposed parcels meet this 3:1 requirement. As a solution, a no building line has been added to proposed parcels A and B. County Planning Department personnel provided this recommendation. The building restriction line effectively reduces lot length and provides significant area that will remain free of buildings.

Note that this 12-acre parcel is zoned for 3-acre parcels (R3A). Also, this parcel has a General Plan Land Use Designation, Medium-Density Residential (MDR) that would allow 3-acre parcels. The MDR land use designation, per the General Plan Land Use Element pages 15 and 16, "establishes areas suitable for detached single-family residences with larger lot sizes which will enable limited agricultural land management activities. This designation shall be applied where the character of an area is single-family residences; where the absence or reduced level of infrastructure including roads, water lines, and sewer lines does not justify higher densities; where the topography poses a constraint to higher densities; and as a transitional land use between the more highly developed and the more rural areas of the County. The maximum allowable density shall be one dwelling unit per 1.0 acre. Parcel sizes shall range from 1.00 to 5.00 acres."

To utilize this property according to its zoning (R3A) and General Plan Land Use Classification (MDR), and thus obtain four parcels, some of the lots do not appear to meet the 3:1 depth to width ratio as interpreted by County staff. The primary factor influencing parcel design with this project is that there is an existing home in the approximate center of the parent parcel. The location of the existing home along with overall parcel shape constrains proposed parcel design. However, it is important to note that the proposed parcel areas suitable for building residences do meet the 3:1 ratio requirement and are 150 feet in width, or more. The areas suitable for building residences do allow for required setbacks well in excess of the zoning classification requirements. To strictly apply the 3:1 ratio requirement and lot width requirement to entire proposed parcels limits the reasonable use of land according to its zoning and land use category.

B. Strict application of the design or improvement requirements will cause extraordinary and unnecessary hardship in developing the property.

It has already been argued that strict application of the design or improvement requirements will limit the reasonable use of this parcel according to its zoning (R3A) and land use category (MDR). This strict application of the "letter of the law" will cause extraordinary and unnecessary hardship in the development of the property. Land that can be divided is purchased and held with the zoning and General Plan in mind. However, these once reliable considerations in land purchases are increasingly being changed and reinterpreted to work against the property owner. A less strict and more reasonable application of the zoning and design requirements would be that the project is acceptable because it meets the minimum parcel size requirements and the immediate areas of development meet the 3:1 depth to width ratio. Strict application of the design requirements will cause extraordinary hardship in limiting the reasonable expectation that land zoned and classified for a particular parcel size can be divided according to zoning and land use category.

C. The adjustment or waiver will not be injurious to adjacent properties nor detrimental to the public health, safety, convenience and welfare.

As designed, this project protects adjoining properties by maintaining required setbacks for buildings and grading. The proposed parcels provide the minimum width. The design provides for the necessary drainage protection. The roads are in harmony with current recommended standards. As designed, this project will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, convenience and welfare.

D. The adjustment or waiver will not have the effect of nullifying the objectives of any law or ordinance applicable to the division.

The key ordinance with regard to the 3:1 ratio design criteria is the El Dorado County Design Manual. However, the design manual recognizes the possibility for a waiver of the 3:1 ratio (Volume II, Section 2, A), 2)). The Subdivision Ordinance recognizes the need for waiving design requirements (Article II, Section 16.40.010, A). Waiving a strict 3:1 depth to width ratio requirement will not have the effect of nullifying the objectives of any ordinance applicable to this project.

Design Waiver Request

4. Request to allow a 50-foot right of way for the proposed roadway serving Parcels A, B and D.

Required Findings

A. Special conditions or circumstances peculiar to the property proposed to be divided which would justify the adjustment or waiver.

While the General Plan indicates that local roads are to have a 60-foot right-of-way, it does allow for deviations from the adopted standard for unusual right-of-way needs (see Table TC-1 of the Traffic and Circulation Element). The Design Manual, and imminent revisions to the Design Manual, allow for a 50-foot right-of-way on local roads with low traffic volumes such as this project. For this project, the DOT position has been revised from 60-feet, stated in the DOT preliminary conditions provided at the TAC meeting and restated in the follow-up letter dated September 13, 2007, to 50-feet per the DOT letter of September 25, 2007. Note that despite County staff recommendations to allow a 50-foot right-of-way on this project, we have also been advised by County staff to include this design waiver request. In light of these circumstances the request for allowing the 50-foot right-of-way is reasonable and necessary.

B. Strict application of the design or improvement requirements will cause extraordinary and unnecessary hardship in developing the property.

To require the 60-foot right-of-way adds more in the way of encumbrances to the project. A 60-foot right-of-way will add further constraints to the building and septic areas of Parcel A. Strict application of the General Plan policy and ignoring the Design Manual will cause unnecessary hardship in developing this property.

C. The adjustment or waiver will not be injurious to adjacent properties nor detrimental to the public health, safety, convenience and welfare.

The proposed roadway will only have 3 properties using it for access. The proposed 50-foot right-of-way is adequate and complies with the Design Manual. Granting this waiver will have no impact on public health, safety, convenience and welfare.

D. The adjustment or waiver will not have the effect of nullifying the objectives of any law or ordinance applicable to the division.

Waiving the General Plan requirement for a 60-foot right-of-way will not have the effect of nullifying the objectives of Article II of Chapter 16 of the County Code and is consistent with the Design Manual.

Design Waiver Request

5. Request to allow the use of Standard Plan 101C for the on-site roadway with a graveled travel surface of 18-feet width and 1-foot wide shoulders on each side.

Required Findings

A. Special conditions or circumstances peculiar to the property proposed to be divided which would justify the adjustment or waiver.

The General Plan includes MDR and even lower density land uses in Community Regions when the character proposed by the General Plan for MDR is out of character with the higher density and infrastructure intent of a Community Region. Since MDR properties are to function as transitional zones between higher density residential and rural uses it makes sense to utilize a less noticeable standard for infrastructure such as roadways. Infrastructure would include not only roads and public utilities (water, sewer) but also sidewalks, curbs, streetlights and signals.

The Department of Transportation is prescribing a modified standard plan 101B for the proposed onsite roads (24-foot paved travel surface with 2-foot shoulders for an overall width of 28-feet). Due to project's transitional nature the Department of Transportation's application of road standard 101B is difficult to justify. We understand that our preferred standard for this project, 101C, defers to 101B in note 1 when the project property is in Community Region but we believe there are considerations from standards 101B and 101C for utilizing 101C that overcome note 1 of 101C.

The first consideration is that standard 101B excludes this project due to parcel size. Standard 101B specifically states that is applies to Class 1 Subdivisions and Parcel Map roadways on less than 2 acres in urban areas. The project is zoned R3A and will create four 3+ acre parcels.

The second consideration is the traffic volume of the area. The revised 101C standard indicates that 101C would apply when the average daily trips (ADT) are less than 2000. This is significant due to the low volume traffic characteristic of the project area.

Three homes will utilize the proposed on-site roadway. Per page 269 Volume 2 of the Institute of Transportation Engineers reference volume, *Trip Generation* (7th Edition), the average daily trip generation per dwelling unit is 9.57, or 10. This project will create 30 ADT on the proposed on-site

roadway. We assert that 30 ADT <u>do not</u> justify the scope of improvements being required. The proposed 18-foot roadway (20-foot overall) is entirely adequate for the traffic needs of the 3 parcels that will use it.

The transitional nature of the MDR land use designation, the size of the proposed parcels and low traffic volume justify the use of standard plan 101C for the on-site road despite the contradictory view expressed by reference to note 1 of 101C. We assert that the proposed gravel 18-foot travel surface with 1-foot shoulders is the appropriate roadway for 30 average daily trips.

B. Strict application of the design or improvement requirements will cause extraordinary and unnecessary hardship in developing the property.

General Plan Policy TC-1a includes Table TC-1 that specifies in Note # 3 that "The County may deviate from the adopted standards in circumstances where conditions warrant special treatment of the road. Typical circumstances where exceptions may be warranted include:

- c) Extraordinary construction costs due to terrain, roadside development, or unusual right-of way needs; or
- d) Environmental constraints that may otherwise entirely preclude road improvements to the adopted standards, as long as environmental impacts are mitigated to the extent feasible

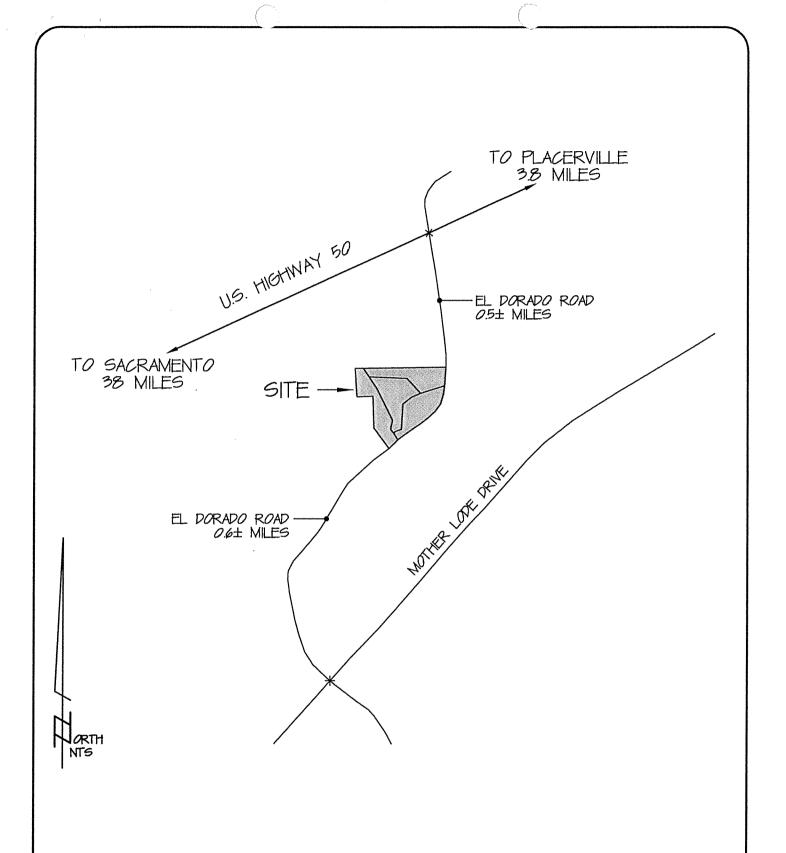
Note that extraordinary construction costs specifically fits the situation at hand. Forcing Mr. Wilkes to build a significantly *wider paved* roadway than the standards demand imposes extraordinary and unreasonable expense.

C. The adjustment or waiver will not be injurious to adjacent properties nor detrimental to the public health, safety, convenience and welfare.

The proposed roadway will only have 3 properties using it for access. The proposed roadway complies with the Design Manual and fire safe standards for travel surface width, material and shoulder width. Therefore, it is reasonable to assert that adjacent properties and the public will not be placed at any additional risk by this design waiver being approved.

D. The adjustment or waiver will not have the effect of nullifying the objectives of any law or ordinance applicable to the division.

It is important to emphasize that the Minor Land Division Ordinance specifically allows for design waivers. The possibility for design waivers is allowed due to the realization that if laws are enforced without any regard to special conditions that could be present upon a property and without seeking to avoid the imposition of extraordinary and unnecessary hardship, a harsh legalism results. The applicable road standards allow for the use of 101C based on parcel size and traffic volume. The General Plan acknowledges the MDR land use designation to be transitional in nature with a lower level of infrastructure. The applicable laws are not nullified by granting this design waiver.

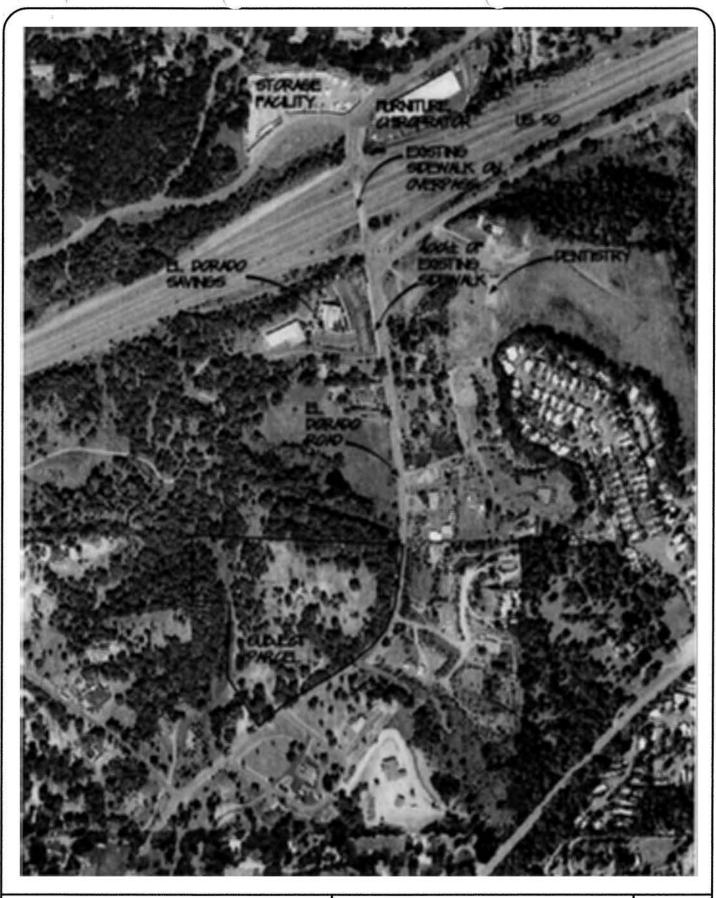


WILKES TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP VICINITY MAP

APN: 329-040-55 | TRACT 2 R.S. 29-96

GENE E. THORNE & ASSOCIATES, INC.
ENGINEERS, PLANNERS, SURVEYORS
4080 Pieza Goldorodo Circle, Comeron Parie, Colifornia 95882
TEL: 530-677-1747 OR 916-985-7745 FAX: 530-676-4205
EMAL: mapping@thornecivil.com

EXHIBIT 1 of 4 Page 11



WILKES TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP AERIAL PHOTO EXHIBIT

APN: 329-040-55 | TRACT 2 R.S. 29-96

GENE E. THORNE & ASSOCIATES, INC.

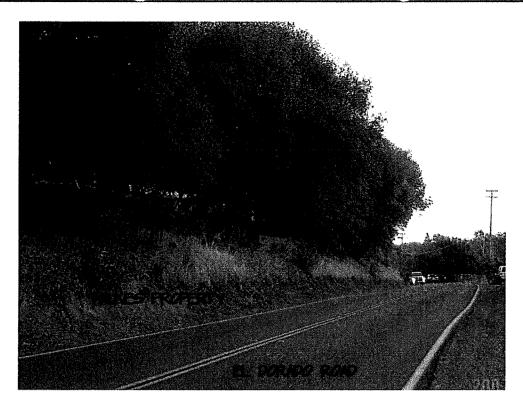
ENGINEERS, PLANNERS, SURVEYORS

4080 Pizza Coldordo Circle, Comeron Park, Californio 95882

181: SX0-677-1747, OR 916-985-7745 FAX: SX0-676-4205

EMAI: mapping@thomschil.com

EXHIBIT 2 of 4 Page 12



1-NORTH ALONG EL DORADO ROAD



2-NORTH ALONG EL DORADO ROAD

WILKES TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP EXISTING CUT SLOPES & OAKS APN: 329-040-55 | TRACT 2 R.S. 29-96

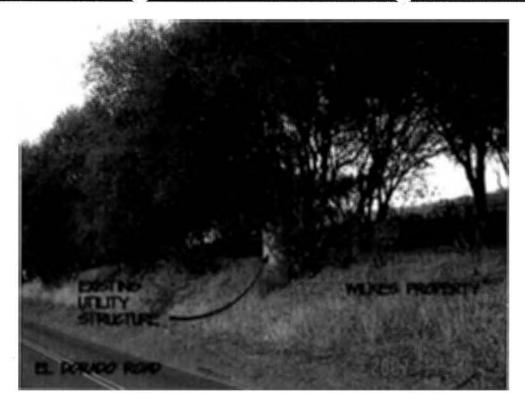
GENE E. THORNE & ASSOCIATES, INC.

ENGINEERS, PLANNERS, SURVEYORS

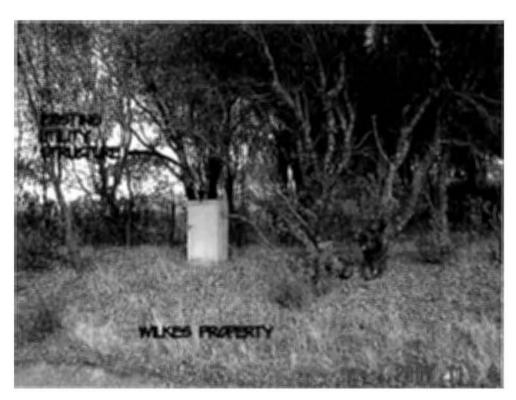
4000 Page Goldovido Cirle, Comeron Park, Colfornia 95682

1E: 530-677-1747 OR 916-985-7745 FM: 530-676-4205

EXHIBIT
3 of 4
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3-SOUTH ALONG EL DORADO ROAD



4-WEST FROM EL DORADO ROAD

WILKES TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP UTILITY STRUCTURE & OAKS APN: 329-040-55 | TRACT 2 R.S. 29-96

GENE E. THORNE & ASSOCIATES, INC.

ENGINEERS, PLANNERS, SURVEYORS

4080 Pizza Goldordo Gricle, Common Park, Collibraio 85822

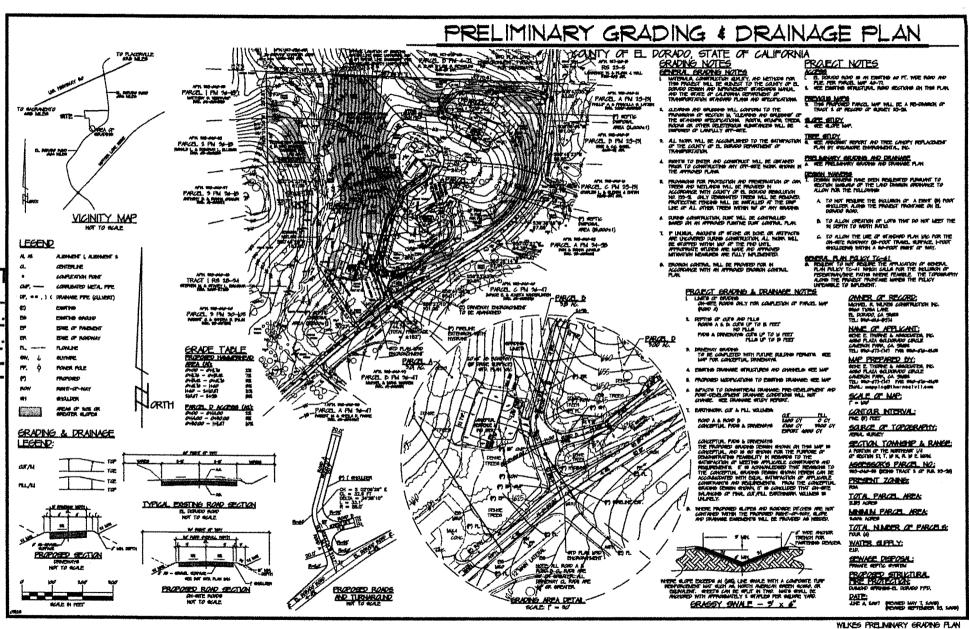
TEL: SX0-877-1747 OR 918-985-7745 FAX: SX0-676-4205

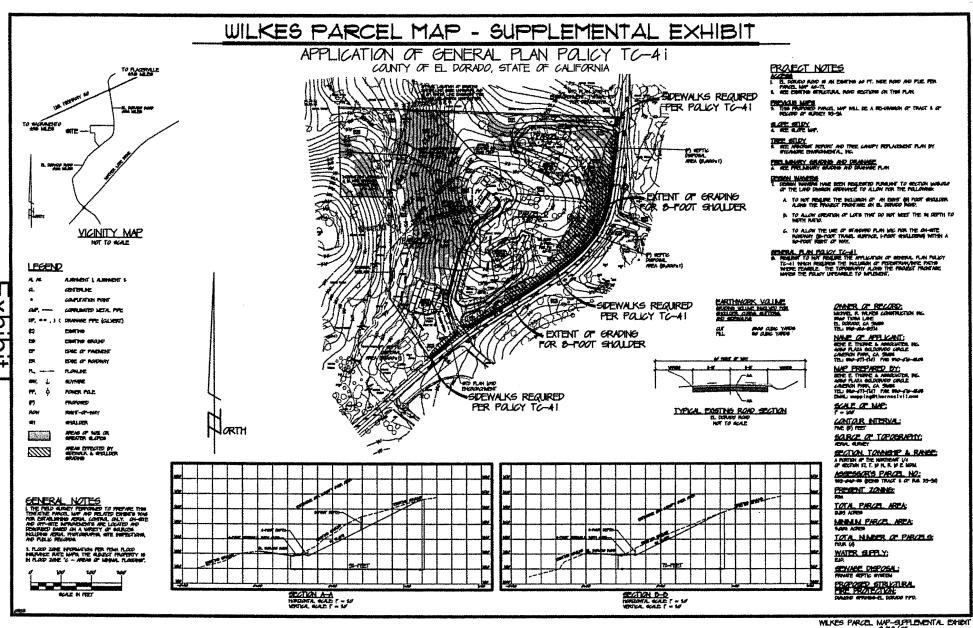
EMAIL: mapping@thomachil.com

EXHIBIT 4 of 4

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WILKES SLOPE HAP







SYCAMORE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS, INC.

6355 Riverside Blvd., Suite C, Sacramento, CA 95831 916/ 427-0703 Fax 916/ 427-2175

17 July 2008

Mr. Michael Wilkes Michael R. Wilkes Construction, Inc. 5360 Tioga Ridge El Dorado, CA 95623

Phone: 530/626-8974

Subject: Updated Oak Canopy Analysis for El Dorado Road Shoulder Widening for the Wilkes Parcel

Map Project, El Dorado County, CA.

Dear Mr. Wilkes:

This letter provides an updated oak canopy analysis for the Wilkes Parcel Map project in El Dorado County, CA. We previously provided an updated oak canopy analysis for revised project design on 13 May 2008. The purpose of this letter is to add potential oak canopy impacts from a proposed improvement to El Dorado Road along the project boundary. The improvement would widen the shoulder of the road and require grading along the adjacent hillside. Thorne & Associates, Inc., provided design of the proposed road improvement, including grading, dated 23 June 2008. The methods used in this letter are the same as those used in the 13 May 2008 letter. The "results" and "mitigation" sections from the 13 May 2008 oak canopy analysis are updated below to include the new proposed road improvement.

Results

- The project site is 12.16 ac. Oak canopy covered an estimated 7.25 ac, or 60% of the project site on 1 April 2004.
- Oak canopy covered an estimated 5.98 ac on 1 May 2006. An estimated 1.27 ac of oak canopy was removed between 1 April 2004 and 1 May 2006. Project grading for driveways and home sites would remove an estimated 0.98 ac of oak canopy. An allowance of 0.10 ac of oak canopy removal was made for potential fire safety removal pursuant to the OWMP (0.48 ac of canopy remaining within 100 ft of proposed homes x 20% removal). Grading proposed for shoulder widening along El Dorado Road would remove an additional estimated 1.05 ac of oak canopy. An updated project impacts map is Attachment A. The table below summarizes the estimate of oak canopy retained and removed at each step of the calculation.
- The County minimum retention standard, based on the 2004 aerial, is 70%. The project oak
 canopy retention rate is 53.1% ([7.25-1.27-0.98-0.10-1.05]/7.25). The project design does not
 meet the oak canopy retention standard of policy 7.4.4.4, Option A.

COUNTING DEPARTMENT

Table of Oak Canopy Calculations

Calculation Step	Retained Oak Canopy (ac)	Oak Canopy Removed per step (ac)	Cumulative Oak Canopy Removed (ac)	Cumulative Retention %
1 April 2004 (Baseline)	7.25	0	0	100%
1 May 2006 (Current Conditions)	5.98	1.27	1.27	82.5%
Proposed grading for driveways and home sites	5.00	0.98	2.25	69.0%
Proposed fire Safety Allowance	4.90	0.10	2.35	67.6%
Proposed grading for El Dorado Road Improvements	3.85	1.05	3.40	53.1%

Upon completion of the proposed improvements, an estimated 3.40 ac of oak canopy would be removed.

Mitigation

We recommend you mitigate for the removal of oak canopy under Option B of Policy 7.4.4.4. The County Board of Supervisors has recently adopted the Oak Woodland Management Plan (OWMP) which implements the Option B fee. The OWMP requires payment of the fee (\$4,700/acre) at a 1:1 basis for oak canopy removed within the Option A retention threshold and at a 2:1 basis for oak canopy removed beyond the Option A retention threshold. The following table calculates the estimated Option B fee.

Table of Option B Fee Calculation

	Removed Oak Canopy Acreage	Mitigation Ratio	Option B fee per acre	Fee
Within Option A 70% retention threshold (up to 2.175 ac)	2.175	1:1	\$4,700	\$10,222.50
Beyond Option A 70% retention threshold	1.225	2:1	\$4,700	\$11,515.00
Total:	3.40		***	\$21,737.50

The ultimate determination of the fee calculation methods for any particular project is subject to County discretion. We appreciate the opportunity of assisting you with this project. If you have any questions please contact me.

Cordially,

Chuck Hughes, M.S.

Botanist/Biologist (ISA Certified Arborist WE-6885A)

c: Mr. Michael Smith. Gene E. Thorne & Associates, Inc.

Attachment A. Project Impacts

Charles Angles



Wilkes Tentative Pancel Map El Donado County, CA 16 July 2008



Parcel Boundary (12.16 acres)

Proposed grading limbs

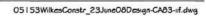
Proposed hones

Oak Caropy (5.96 acres)

Oak Canopy Removed from ulrurways? home sites (0.96 acres) Oak Canopy within 100° of proposed fornes (D.48 acres) Oak Canopy removed from proposed road widening (1.05 acre)



Attachment A. Proyect Impacts



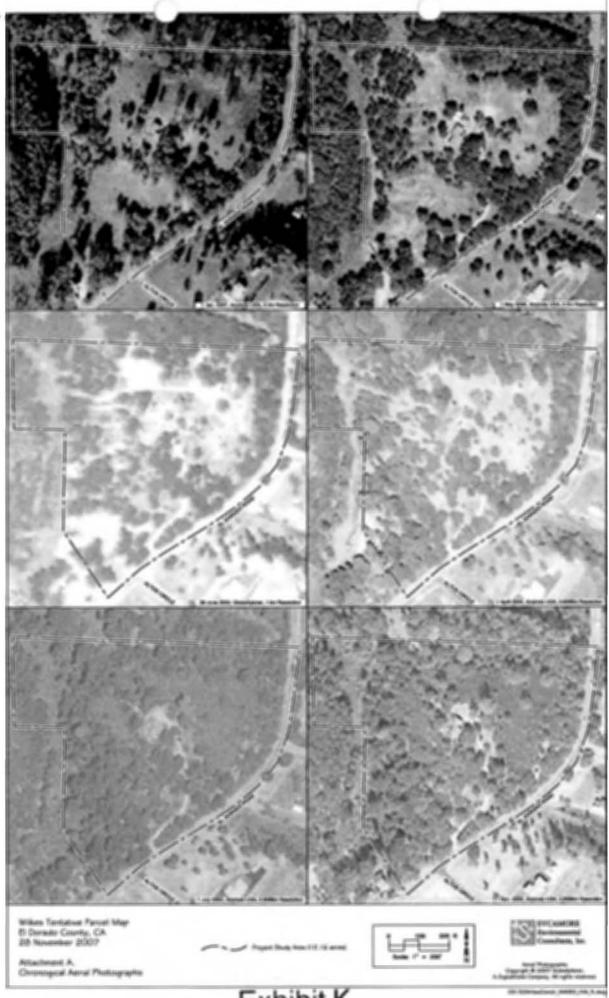


Exhibit K





County of El Dorado Air Quality Management District

330 Fair Lane, Placerville Ca 95667 Tel. 530.621.7501 Fax 530.295.2774 www.edcgov.us/airqualitymanagement

Dave Johnston Air Pollution Control Officer

February 25, 2015

Rob Peters, Project Planner El Dorado County Planning Services 2850 Fairlane Court Placerville, CA 95667

RE:

P07-0027 - Wilkes Tentative Parcel Map, APN 329-040-55

- AQMD Comments

Dear Mr. Peters:

The El Dorado County Air Quality Management District (AQMD) has reviewed the proposed project and finds the existing AQMD conditions of approval to be sufficient.

AQMD thanks you for the opportunity to comment on this proposed project. If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact our office at (530) 621-7501.

Respectfully,

Adam Baughman

Air Quality Engineer

Air Quality Management District

S:\CEQA or AQMD COMMENTS\AQMD Comments\2007\Tent Parcel Maps\P07-0027 Wilkes PM - AQMD Comments.doc



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

TRANSPORTATION DIVISION

http://www.edcgov.us/EDCDT/

PLACERVILLE OFFICES:

MAIN OFFICE:

2850 Fairlane Court, Placerville, CA 95667 (530) 621-5900 / (530) 628-0387 Fax

CONSTRUCTION & MAINTENANCE: 2441 Headington Road, Placerville, CA 95667 (530) 642-4909 / (530) 642-0508 Fax

LAKE TAHOE OFFICES:

ENGINEERING:

924 B Emerald Bay Road, South Lake Tahoe, CA 96150 (530) 573-7900 / (530) 541-7049 Fax

MAINTENANCE:

1121 Shakori Drive, South Lake Tahoe, CA 96150

(530) 573-3180 / (530) 577-8402 Fax

Date:

2/25/15

To:

Rob Peters, Project Planner

From:

Dave Spiegelberg, Transportation Division

Subject:

P07-0027 – Finding of Consistency (Revised Lot Lines)

Project:

Wiles Tentative Parcel Map

Location:

North/west side of El Dorado Road approximately 1/2 mile south of US

Hwy 50 in the El Dorado Area.

APN:

329-040-55

Project Description: Changes to proposed lot lines on a previously approved Tentative Parcel Map.

Transportation Division takes no exceptions to the proposed changes to the approved Tentative Parcel Map. However, the final Grading Plans submitted to this office for construction of the Parcel Map Improvements and lot grading for parcel A cannot be approved for either the original configuration or the revised configuration due to additional impacts to the oak tree canopy that were not analyzed with the original Oak Tree Mitigation Plan.

Cc:

Bruce Person

File