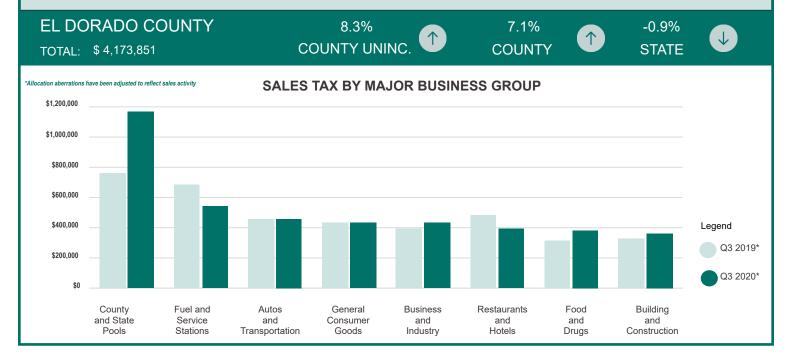
EL DORADO COUNTY

SALES TAX UPDATE

3Q 2020 (JULY - SEPTEMBER)







EL DORADO COUNTY HIGHLIGHTS

The unincorporated area's receipts from July through September were 8.4% above the third sales period in 2019.

establishments; strong gains came from building materials and auto supply stores. Specialized products tied to regional construction accounted for much of the plumbing/electrical supplier's 45% improvement. Grocery stores and garden/agricultural also captured solid returns over this time.

A large increase in the County's distribution from the countywide use tax pool offset declines posted by the area's brick and mortar businesses. The upsurge came from the record-setting pace of online sales spurred by the pandemic along with new taxes coming from marketplace facilitators as required under AB147. Absent growth in the pool

allocation, the county's receipts were down 2.9% from last year.

While general consumer goods eked Stay at home projects helped local out an overall 1% gain, independent and small retailers saw diminished activity from sectors such as apparel and sporting goods. As the coronavirus influences extended beyond spring, reductions in miles traveled lowered service stations: outcomes included suppressed fuel prices. Contractor's activity fell. Operational limitations decreased taxes from casual dining and quick service establishments. Tourism shackled: hotels/resorts remained plummeted 57%.

> Net of aberrations, taxable sales for all of El Dorado County grew 7.1% over the comparable time period; the Sacramento region was up 3.8%.



TOP 25 PRODUCERS

Arco AM PM

Broadridge Output Solutions

Cameron Park 76

Camp Richardson

Resort

Crystal View Station

CVS Pharmacy

Daimler Trust

Express Fuel

Golden State Flow Measurement

Green Valley Arco

Holiday Quality Foods

Lees Feed & Western Store

Meeks Building Center

Mercedes Benz of El

Dorado Hills

Musco Sports Lighting

Pure Life Collective

Quik Stop Safeway

Safeway Fuel

Shell

Shingle Springs Honda

Shingle Springs Nissan Subaru

Target

True Value Hardware

Walmart



STATEWIDE RESULTS

The local one-cent sales and use tax from sales occurring July through September was 0.9% lower than the same quarter one year ago after factoring for accounting anomalies. The losses were primarily concentrated in coastal regions and communities popular with tourists while much of inland California including the San Joaquin Valley, Sacramento region and Inland Empire exhibited gains.

Generally, declining receipts from fuel sales, brick and mortar retail and restaurants were the primary factors leading to this quarter's overall decrease. The losses were largely offset by a continuing acceleration in online shopping that produced huge gains in the county use tax pools where tax revenues from purchases shipped from out-of-state are allocated and in revenues allocated to jurisdictions with in-state fulfillment centers and order desks.

Additional gains came from a generally solid quarter for autos, RV's, food-drugs, sporting goods, discount warehouses, building material suppliers and home improvement purchases. Some categories of agricultural and medical supplies/equipment also did well.

Although the slight decline in comparable third quarter receipts reflected a significant recovery from the immediate previous period's deep decline, new coronavirus surges and reinstated restrictions from 2020's Thanksgiving and Christmas gatherings compounded by smaller federal stimulus programs suggest more significant drops in forthcoming revenues from December through March sales.

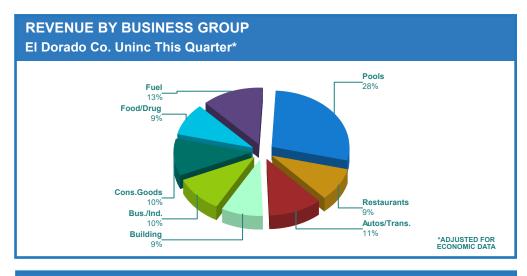
Additionally, the past few quarter's gains in county pool receipts that were generated by the shift to online shopping plus last year's implementation of the Wayfair v. South Dakota Supreme Court decision will level out after the first quarter of 2021.

Much of the initial demand for computers and equipment to accommodate home schooling and remote workplaces has been satisfied. Manufacturers are also reporting that absenteeism, sanitation protocols, inventory and imported parts shortages have reduced production capacity that will not be regained until mass vaccines have been completed, probably by the fall of 2021.

Significant recovery is not anticipated until 2021-22 with full recovery dependent on the specific character and make up

of each jurisdiction's tax base. Part of the recovery will be a shift back to nontaxable services and activities. Limited to access because of pandemic restrictions, consumers spent 72% less on services during the third quarter and used the savings to buy taxable goods.

Full recovery may also look different than before the pandemic. Recent surveys find that 3 out of 4 consumers have discovered new online alternatives and half expect to continue these habits which suggests that the part of the recent shift of revenues allocated through countywide use tax pools and industrial distribution centers rather than stores will become permanent.



TOP NON-CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS TYPES **Unincorporated County** County **HdL State Business Type** Q3 '20* Change Change Change -20.2% Service Stations 520.7 -19.4% -29.0% Casual Dining 215.7 -11.2% -15.1% -38.0% **Grocery Stores** 19.9% 16.6% 7.1% 213.5 **Building Materials** 141.3 30.4% 20.3% 16.4% Plumbing/Electrical Supplies 117.7 45.3% 37.4% -0.3% **Business Services** 114.3 -9.2% -9.0% -18.1% Contractors 91.3 -5.7% -28.8% -19.9% Quick-Service Restaurants 88.1 -5.1% -2.5% -10.2% Automotive Supply Stores 76.3 17.4% 5.6% 5.6% 15.2% 7.0% Garden/Agricultural Supplies 76.3 10.6% *In thousands of dollars *Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity